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• •

()

.()

(Introduction) : -1

(" "

2004 [14]

{page (4-8,10) -2004 [16]}

(Introduction Reference : -2
Study)

[16]

[17]

[18]

[19,20,22,21,23]

" "

[10]

)

[12]

(Join beams with slabs)

(1) [1]

()

()

$X : (Z Y X)$

$X = 0$ ()

[2]

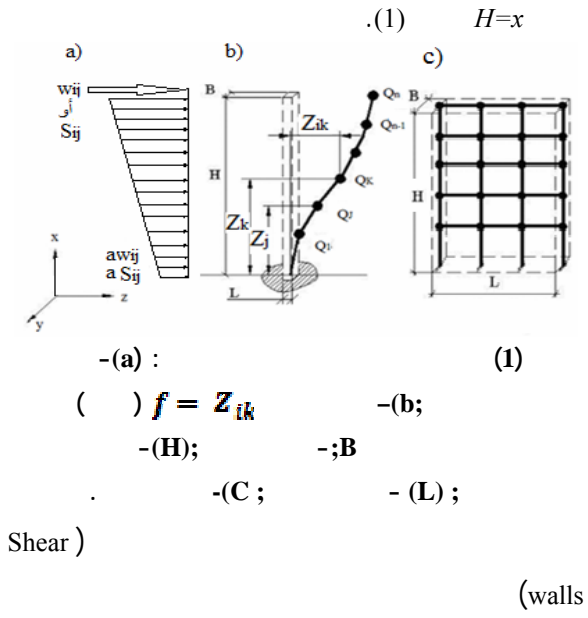
(Ti)

(12) (11)

(m) (w)

(k) (Lateral stiffness)

(i=1,2,3)



. i=1, 2, 3

.(4)

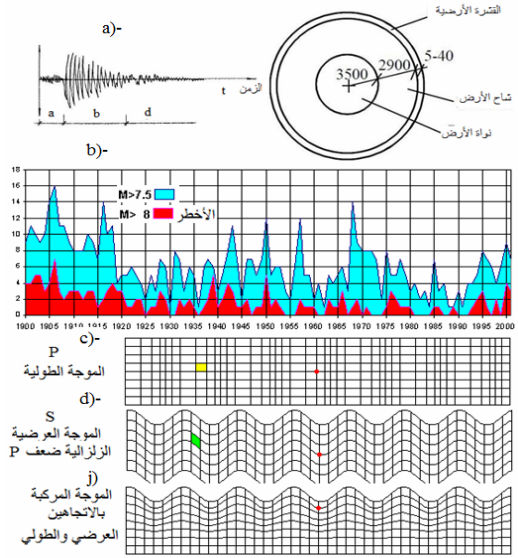


Kashiwai

File:Hanshin-Awaji earthquake 1995 Kashiwai-building 001.jpg
From Wikimedia Commons, the free media epository

-(b;

-(a: (3)



:(2)



An example of a building collapse due to an intermediate Soft story in the 2001 Bhuj, India -earthquake. Source: EERI 200

:(4)

1999-

Kashiwai

1995

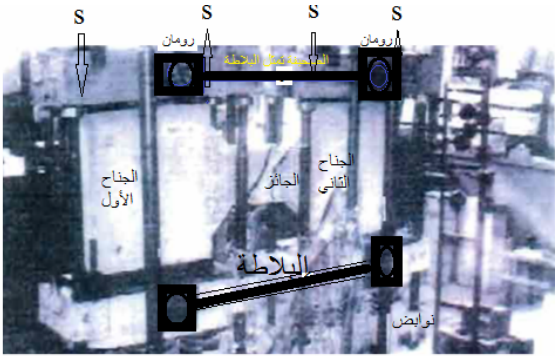
$$Q_{iMax}(X)$$

. i=1, 2, 3

.(3) (5)

1999

$$Q_{iMax}(X)$$



: - (9)



-(b;

-(a: (8)

[2] 1985

-1

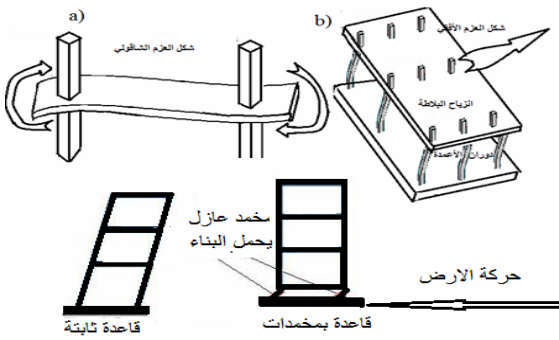
: [4] -2

{(14)

[2]

[10-b]

[10-a]



-(b;

-(a : (10)

(ε)

δ

. (9)

f

[2]

-1

)

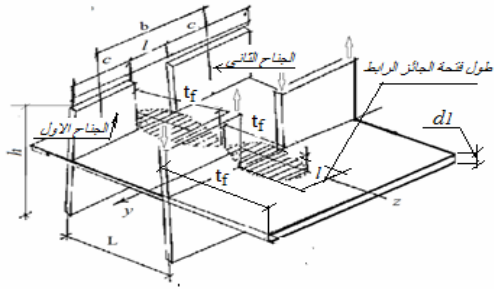
. 12 (

-2

-2

[2]

-3



(11):

λ

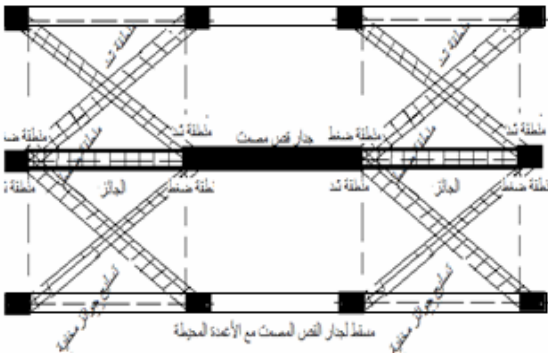
-4

[3,4]

(10)

$$\left(\frac{h_d}{L} = \frac{2}{10} \right) \cdot X$$

λ



(12):

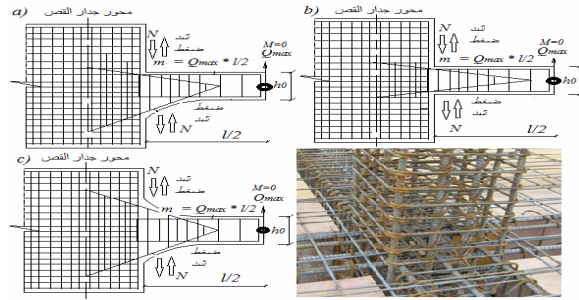
(8-a)

(b)

- 1

(11)

) . 12 ([3,5,6]

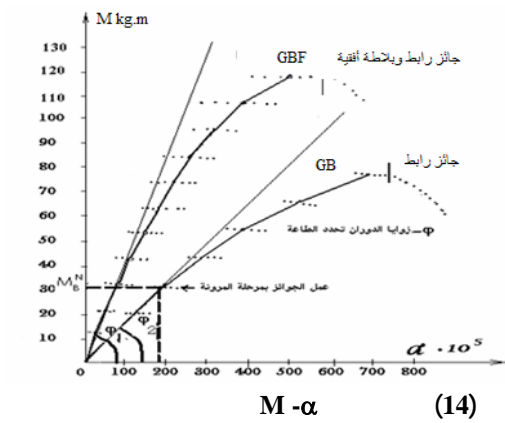


(b); (a : (13) (c);

[2,4] (M-ε) - (M-ε)

(M-α)

(14)



M - α (14)

,3N_{cr}0

: λ >> 7

(A

-1

< 3λ

-B

: (a : ()

1999

1995

$$Q_i(x = H) = 0$$

(...

: () - (b)

13

7

λ << 3



.(4) (3)
 () -2
)
 .(

) .(6) (8)
 ()
 ()
 (T)

.(3) (4) (6) (5) (7)
) " "
 ()
 .,(12) (13), (15) (11)

.,Mi(X)
 Ni(X) Qi(X)
 (σ) (ε) (δ) Yi(x)
 (The shear
 (The shear walls of the holecut) walls)

$S_h(x), Q_h(x), M_h(x)$

$$K_{Beam} = E * \frac{h_R d^3}{12} \quad (2)$$

kN/M²

$$: \quad (12) \quad (11)$$

$$(2^*) \quad K_{slab} = E * \frac{0,5 * l * \frac{2}{3} * t_f * d_1^3}{12}$$

$$: \quad (2^*) \quad (2)$$

$$K_{BS} = E * \left(\frac{h_R d^3}{12} + \frac{0,5 * l * \frac{2}{3} * t_f * d_1^3}{12} \right) \quad (3)$$

S_{BS}

S_{Beam}

:

$$S_{BS} = \frac{h * l^3}{12 * (K_{BS}) * b} \quad (4)$$

$$(y) \quad (x)$$

(2)

:

$$[6] ; [4] ; [2] ; [1]$$

نستخدم (5)

$$(5) \lambda_{BS} = \sqrt{\frac{k_1 + \frac{nb}{s}}{Sf}} = \sqrt{\frac{k_1 K_U}{S_{BS} * \Sigma k}}$$

القديمة (5*)

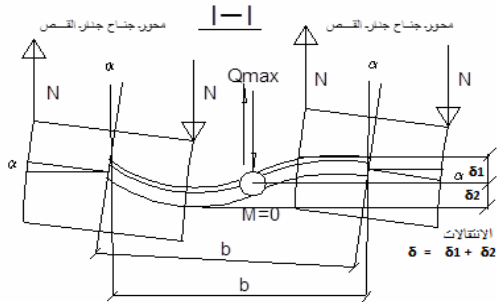
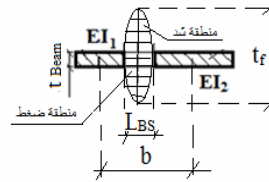
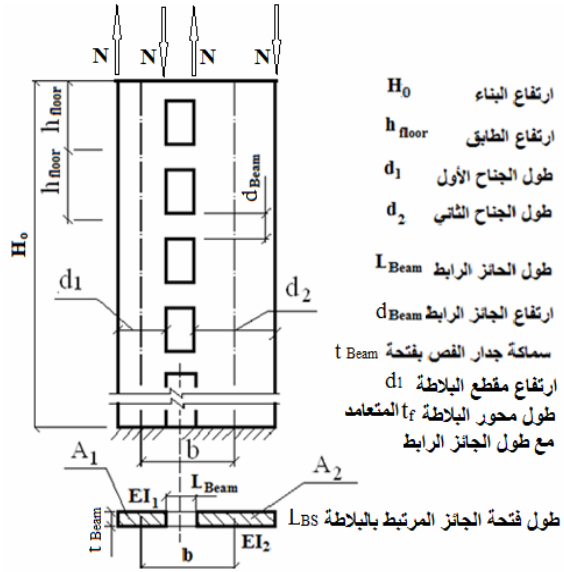
$$(5^*) \lambda = \sqrt{\frac{k_1 + \frac{nb}{s}}{s}} = \sqrt{\frac{k_1 K_U}{S_B * \Sigma k}}$$

$$k_1 = k_{12} + k_{21} = \frac{(1 + \beta_1)}{E * b * A_2} ; \beta_1 = \frac{EA_2}{EA_1} \quad (6)$$

[1]

$$K = \sum K + \frac{nb}{k_1} = \sum K + nK_a \quad (7)$$

$$\Sigma k = EI_1 + EI_2 \quad (8)$$



$$: (15)$$

:

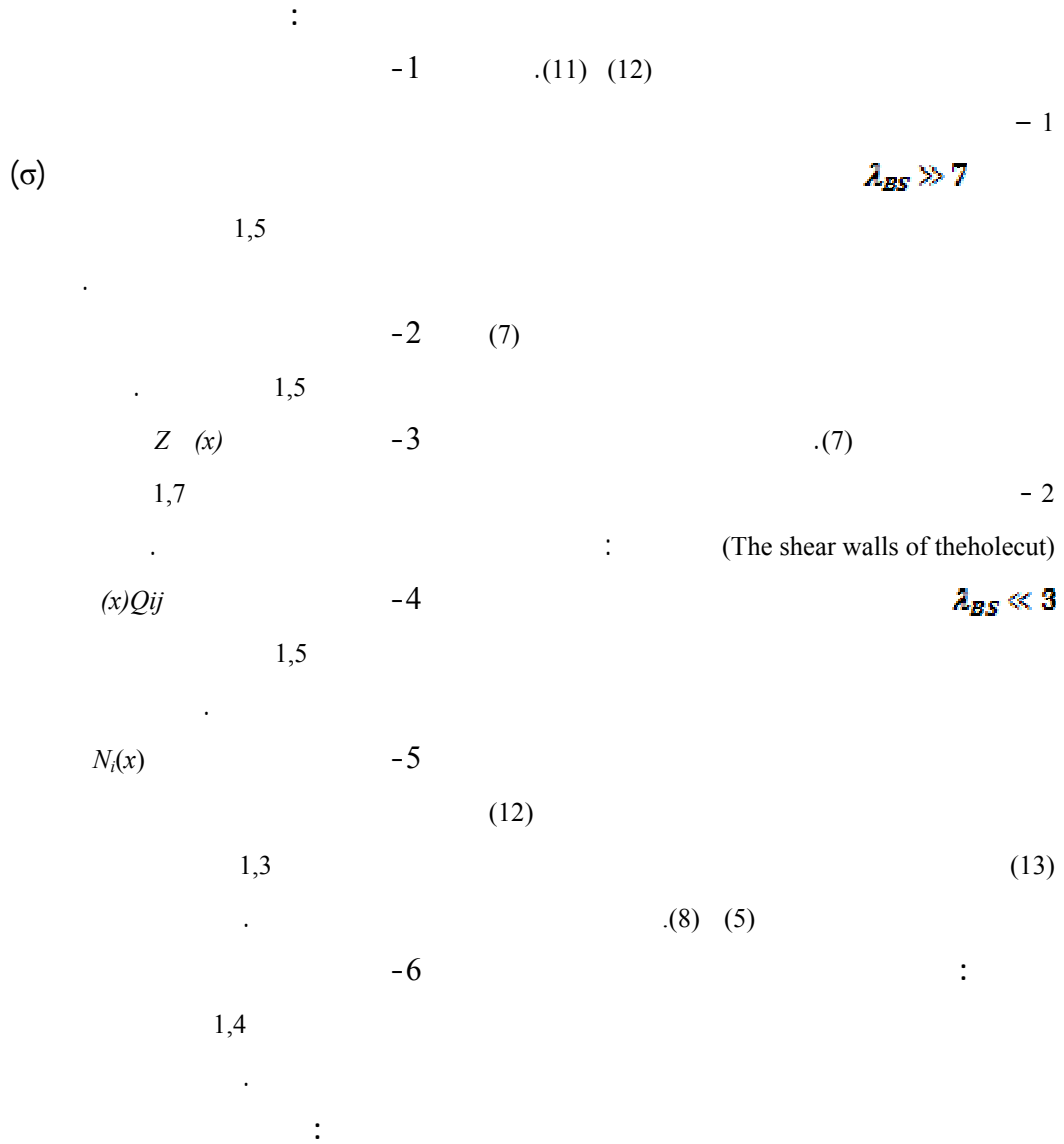
$$(15)$$

:

$$S_{Beam} = \frac{h * l^3}{12 * K_{Beam} * b} \quad (1)$$

:

	$- K_u$: "
KN/M^2 .	$;kN/M^2$	$- K_{Beam}$
$1/KN \cdot M$.	$1/KN/M=M/KN$.	$- S_{Beam}$
$KN \cdot (j)$	$;kN/M^2$	$- K_{Slabs}$
(i)	M/KN .	$- K_{BS}$
(n)	$- (S_{BS})$	$- K_{BS}$
	M/KN	
	KN/M^2 .	
	$- K_a = n \cdot b/k_1$	$(M) \cdot$
		(M)
	(M) .	(M)
	$k_1 = \frac{1+\beta_1}{EA_2 b}$	$(M) \cdot ()$
A_2	(k_1)	$- h$
	$-\beta_1$	$- l$
	A_1	$- b$
	(M)	$- t$
	$- \lambda_{BS}$	$- d$
		(M) .
		$- 0,5$
		$- d_1$
		$- t_f$
		l
		(M) .
	$(\lambda_{BS} \gg 7)$	$- l$
(2)		$(M) \cdot ($
		(M) .
		$- \delta$
		$- K_u$
	$- l$	KN/M^2 .
	(M) .	$- n$
	$- b$	(M) .
		$- h$
		(M) .
		$- H$
	(M) .	$)KN/M^2$
" "		$- K=EI$
		$($
	KN/M^2	M^4
	KN/M^2 .	$- \sum EI$



x
 .(13) (12) 60cm

[2]

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